

Описание туретар для передачи структур в XS

Ступницкий Иван
Инженер, YADRO

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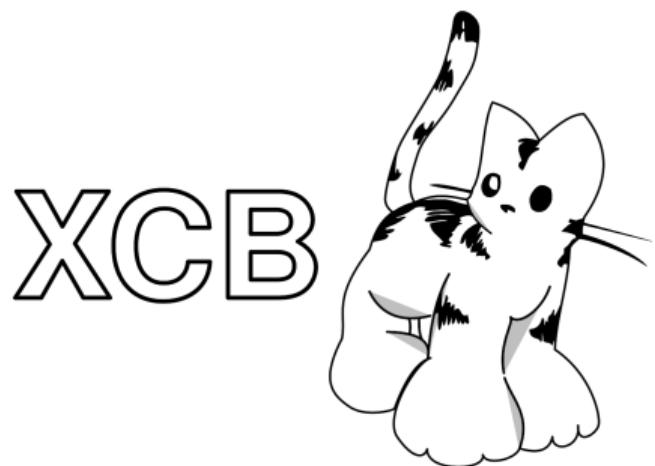
Ступницкий Иван

Инженер, YADRO

- ▶ Два года программирую на Perl за деньги
- ▶ Увлекаюсь информационной безопасностью и сложными системами

Мотивация к докладу

Perl-Conf.Ru/25



Мотивация к докладу

```
struct xcb_randr_mode_info_t {  
    uint32_t id;  
    uint16_t width;  
    uint16_t height;  
    uint32_t dot_clock;  
    uint16_t hsync_start;  
    uint16_t hsync_end;  
    uint16_t htotal;  
    uint16_t hskew;  
    uint16_t vsync_start;  
    uint16_t vsync_end;  
    uint16_t vtotal;  
    uint16_t name_len;  
    uint32_t mode_flags;  
};
```

```
xcb_randr_create_mode_cookie_t xcb_randr_create_mode(  
    xcb_connection_t *conn,  
    xcb_window_t window,  
    struct xcb_randr_mode_info_t mode_info, // <----- PROBLEM  
    uint32_t name_len,  
    const char *name  
) ;
```

Мотивация к докладу

```
# TODO RandR typemap of
# # mode_info_t,
# # transform_t,
# # monitor_info_t not implemented
if (index $path, "randr") {
    my $randr_exclude = join "|", qw(
        randr_create_mode
        randr_set_monitor
        randr_set_crtc_transform );
    @request = grep ! /^HV \*\$s+$randr_exclude\b/, @request;
}
```

Что почитать про XS

Perl-Conf.Ru/25

- ▶ perlxstut
- ▶ perlxs
- ▶ perlguts
- ▶ perlapi
- ▶ perlxstypemap

XS в двух словах

Perl-Conf.Ru/25

```
$ h2xs -A -n Mytest
Defaulting to backwards compatibility with perl 5.36.3
If you intend this module to be compatible with earlier perl
    versions, please
specify a minimum perl version with the -b option.
```

```
Writing Mytest/ppport.h
Writing Mytest/lib/Mytest.pm
Writing Mytest/Mytest_xs
Writing Mytest/Makefile.PL
Writing Mytest/README
Writing Mytest/t/Mytest.t
Writing Mytest/Changes
Writing Mytest/MANIFEST
```

XS в двух словах

```
$ h2xs -A -n Mytest
Defaulting to backwards compatibility with perl 5.36.3
If you intend this module to be compatible with earlier perl
    versions, please
specify a minimum perl version with the -b option.
```

```
Writing Mytest/ppport.h      # XS compatibility for old Perls
Writing Mytest/lib/Mytest.pm # Main module with public interface
Writing Mytest/Mytest_xs     # XS code implementing C functions
Writing Mytest/Makefile.PL   # Build configuration for the module
Writing Mytest/README        # Installation and usage instructions
Writing Mytest/t/Mytest.t    # Test suite for module functionality
Writing Mytest/Changes       # Module version changelog
Writing Mytest/MANIFEST      # List of files in distribution
```

Основной модуль

Perl-Conf.Ru/25

```
package Mytest;
use 5.036003;
use strict;
use warnings;
require Exporter;

our @ISA = qw(Exporter);
our %EXPORT_TAGS = ( 'all' => [ qw() ] );
our @EXPORT_OK = ( @{ $EXPORT_TAGS{'all'} } );
our @EXPORT = qw();
our $VERSION = '0.01';

require XSLoader;
XSLoader::load('Mytest', $VERSION);

1;
__END__
```

Mytest.xs

Perl-Conf.Ru/25

```
#define PERL_NO_GET_CONTEXT
#include "EXTERN.h"
#include "perl.h"
#include "XSUB.h"

#include "ppport.h"
```

MODULE = Mytest **PACKAGE** = Mytest

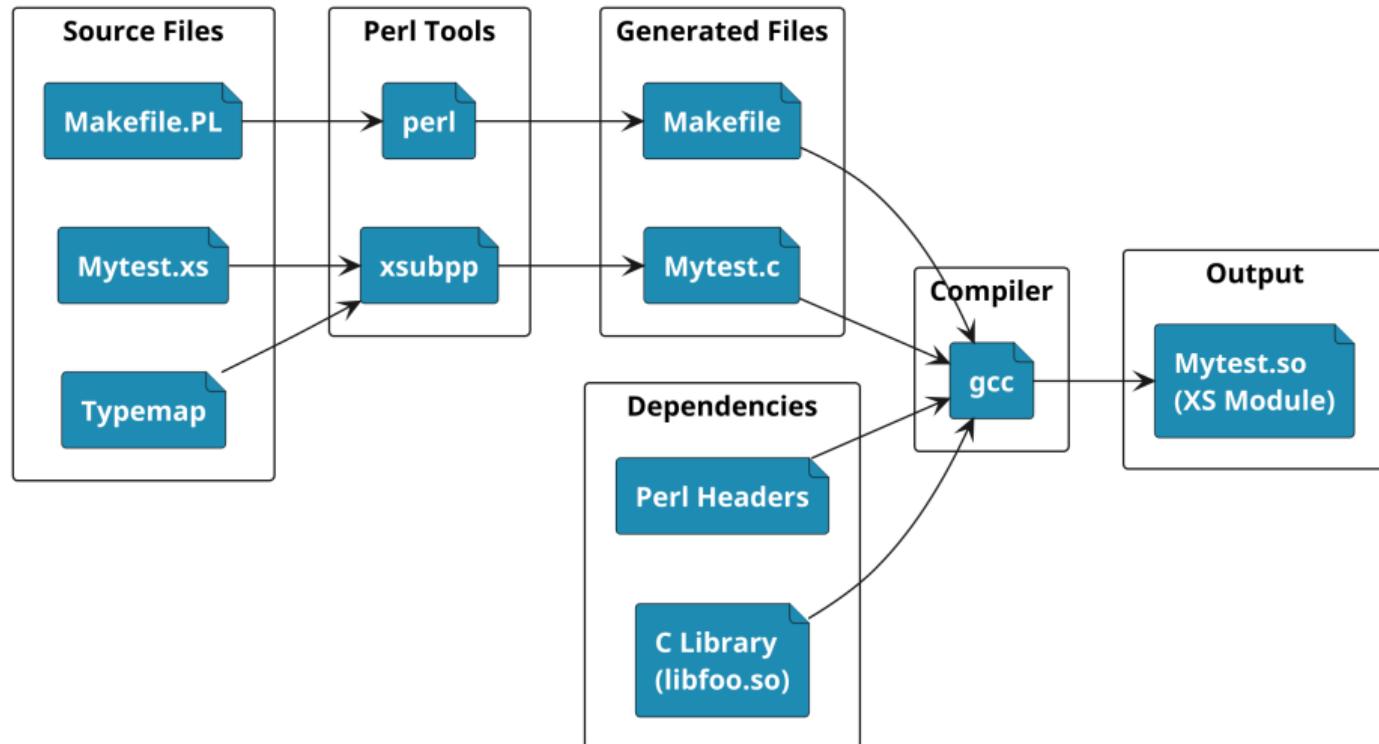
Makefile.PL

Perl-Conf.Ru/25

```
use 5.036003;
use ExtUtils::MakeMaker;
WriteMakefile(
    NAME          => 'Mytest',
    VERSION_FROM  => 'lib/Mytest.pm', # finds $VERSION
    PREREQ_PM     => {}, # e.g., Module::Name => 1.1
    ABSTRACT_FROM => 'lib/Mytest.pm', # finds abstract
    AUTHOR        => 'i.stup@yadro.com',
    #LICENSE       => 'perl',
    #Value must be from legacy list of licenses here
    #https://metacpan.org/pod/Module::Build::API
    LIBS          => [''], # e.g., '-lm'
    DEFINE        => '', # e.g., '-DHAVE_SOMETHING'
    INC           => '-I.', # e.g., '-I. -I/usr/include/other'
    # Un-comment this if you add C files to link with later:
    # OBJECT        => '$(O_FILES)', # link all the C files
);
```

Как переводится название доклада

Perl-Conf.Ru/25



Подопытная библиотека libfoo

Perl-Conf.Ru/25

```
// gcc -shared -fPIC -o libfoo.so foo.c
#include <stdio.h>
#include "foo.h"
void foo() {
    fprintf(stdout, "japh,\n");
}

#ifndef FOO
#define FOO
extern void foo();
#endif /* FOO */
```

Вызов libfoo из Си

Perl-Conf.Ru/25

```
// gcc -I../foo -o bar bar.c -L../foo -lfoo
#include "foo.h"
int main() {
    foo();
    return 0;
}
```

```
$ LD_LIBRARY_PATH=$PWD/../foo ./bar
japh,
```

Вызов libfoo из XS

Perl-Conf.Ru/25

```
#define PERL_NO_GET_CONTEXT
#include "EXTERN.h"
#include "perl.h"
#include "XSUB.h"

#include "ppport.h"

#include "foo.h"
```

MODULE = Mytest **PACKAGE** = Mytest

```
void
xs()
    CODE:
        foo();
```

Makefile.PL

Perl-Conf.Ru/25

```
use 5.036003;
use ExtUtils::MakeMaker;
WriteMakefile(
    NAME          => 'Mytest',
    VERSION_FROM  => 'lib/Mytest.pm', # finds $VERSION
    PREREQ_PM     => {}, # e.g., Module::Name => 1.1
    ABSTRACT_FROM => 'lib/Mytest.pm', # finds abstract
    AUTHOR        => 'i.stup@yadro.com',
    #LICENSE       => 'perl',
    #Value must be from legacy list of licenses here
    #https://metacpan.org/pod/Module::Build::API
    LIBS          => [''], # e.g., '-lm'
    DEFINE        => '', # e.g., '-DHAVE_SOMETHING'
    INC           => '-I.', # e.g., '-I. -I/usr/include/other'
    # Un-comment this if you add C files to link with later:
    # OBJECT        => '$(O_FILES)', # link all the C files
);
```

Makefile.PL

Perl-Conf.Ru/25

```
use 5.036003;
use ExtUtils::MakeMaker;
WriteMakefile(
    NAME          => 'Mytest',
    VERSION_FROM  => 'lib/Mytest.pm', # finds $VERSION
    PREREQ_PM     => {}, # e.g., Module::Name => 1.1
    ABSTRACT_FROM => 'lib/Mytest.pm', # finds abstract
    AUTHOR        => 'i.stup@yadro.com',
    #LICENSE       => 'perl',
    #Value must be from legacy list of licenses here
    #https://metacpan.org/pod/Module::Build::API
    LIBS          => ['-L../foo -lfoo'],
    DEFINE        => '', # e.g., '-DHAVE_SOMETHING'
    INC           => '-I. -I../foo',
    # Un-comment this if you add C files to link with later:
    # OBJECT        => '$(O_FILES)', # link all the C files
);
```

Тестирование

Perl-Conf.Ru/25

```
#!/usr/bin/perl
use ExtUtils::testlib;
use Mytest;
Mytest::xs();
```

Тестирование

Perl-Conf.Ru/25

```
#!/usr/bin/perl
use ExtUtils::testlib;
use Mytest;
Mytest::xs();
```

```
$ perl Makefile.PL
```

```
...
```

```
$ make
```

```
...
```

```
$ perl test.pl
japh,
```

Структура в libfoo

Perl-Conf.Ru/25

```
// gcc -shared -fPIC -o libfoo.so foo.c
#include <stdio.h>
#include "foo.h"
void foo(struct foo variable) {
    fprintf(stdout, "%d %s", variable.number, variable.string);
}
```

Структура в libfoo

Perl-Conf.Ru/25

```
// gcc -shared -fPIC -o libfoo.so foo.c
#include <stdio.h>
#include "foo.h"
void foo(struct foo variable) {
    fprintf(stdout, "%d %s", variable.number, variable.string);
}

#ifndef FOO
#define FOO
struct foo {
    int number;
    char* string;
};
extern void foo(struct foo);
#endif /* FOO */
```

Вот и всё!

Perl-Conf.Ru/25

MODULE = Mytest **PACKAGE** = Mytest

```
void  
xs(int number, char* string)
```

CODE:

```
struct foo var = { number, string };  
foo(var);
```

MODULE = Mytest **PACKAGE** = Mytest

```
void  
xs(int number, char* string)
```

CODE:

```
struct foo var = { number, string };  
foo(var);
```

```
#!/usr/bin/perl  
use ExtUtils::testlib;  
use Mytest;  
Mytest::xs(13 => "japh,\n");
```

Вот и всё!

Perl-Conf.Ru/25

MODULE = Mytest **PACKAGE** = Mytest

```
void  
xs(int number, char* string)
```

CODE:

```
struct foo var = { number, string };  
foo(var);
```

```
#!/usr/bin/perl  
use ExtUtils::testlib;  
use Mytest;  
Mytest::xs(13 => "japh,\n");
```

```
$ perl test.pl  
13 japh,
```

Вот и всё! (нет)

Perl-Conf.Ru/25

MODULE = Mytest **PACKAGE** = Mytest

```
void  
xs(int number, char* string)
```

CODE:

```
struct foo var = { number, string };  
foo(var);
```

```
#!/usr/bin/perl  
use ExtUtils::testlib;  
use Mytest;  
Mytest::xs(13 => "japh,\n");
```

```
$ perl test.pl  
13 japh,
```

В XS нужно проще

Perl-Conf.Ru/25

MODULE = Mytest **PACKAGE** = Mytest

```
void  
foo()
```

В XS нужно проще

Perl-Conf.Ru/25

MODULE = Mytest **PACKAGE** = Mytest

```
void  
foo()
```

```
#!/usr/bin/perl  
use ExtUtils::testlib;  
use Mytest;  
Mytest::foo();
```

В XS нужно проще

Perl-Conf.Ru/25

```
MODULE = Mytest      PACKAGE = Mytest
```

```
void  
foo()
```

```
#!/usr/bin/perl  
use ExtUtils::testlib;  
use Mytest;  
Mytest::foo();
```

```
$ perl Makefile.PL
```

```
...  
$ make
```

```
...  
$ perl test.pl  
japh,
```

А теперь со структурой

Perl-Conf.Ru/25

MODULE = Mytest **PACKAGE** = Mytest

```
void  
foo(struct foo var)
```

А теперь со структурой

Perl-Conf.Ru/25

MODULE = Mytest **PACKAGE** = Mytest

```
void
foo(struct foo var)
```

```
$ make
```

```
...
"/usr/bin/perl" "/usr/lib/perl5/5.36.3/ExtUtils/xsubpp" \
-typemap '/usr/lib/perl5/5.36.3/ExtUtils/typemap' \
Mytest_xs > Mytest_xsc
```

```
Could not find a typemap for C type 'struct foo'.
```

```
The following C types are mapped by the current typemap:
```

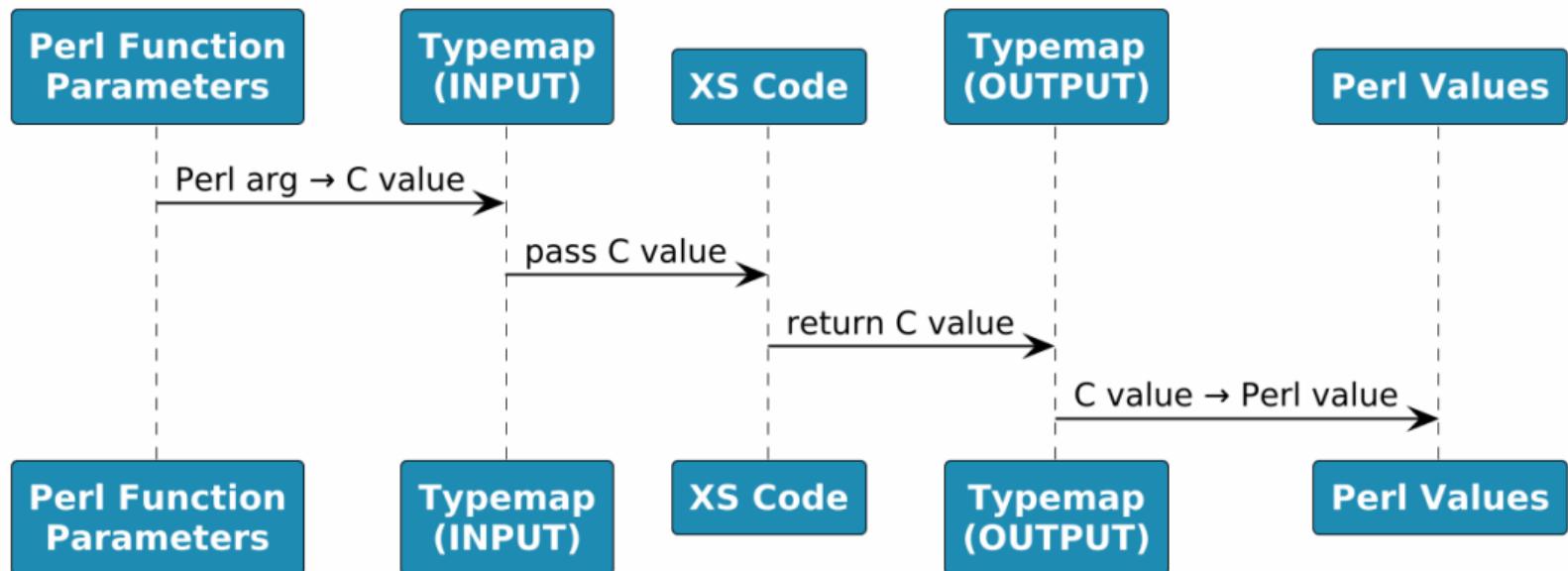
```
'AV *', 'Boolean', 'CV *', 'FILE *', 'FileHandle', 'HV *',
'const char *', 'double', 'float', 'int', 'long', 'short',
...
```

```
in Mytest_xs, line 14
```

```
make: *** [Makefile:359: Mytest.c] Error 1
```

Что такое typemap

Perl-Conf.Ru/25



Что такое typemap

Perl-Conf.Ru/25

Что такое typemap

Perl-Conf.Ru/25

INPUT

T_IV

```
$var = ($type)SvIV($arg)
```

Что такое typemap

Perl-Conf.Ru/25

INPUT

T_IV

```
$var = ($type)SvIV($arg)
```

OUTPUT

T_IV

```
sv_setiv($arg, (IV)$var);
```

Что такое typemap

Perl-Conf.Ru/25

```
# ExtUtils/typemap
```

TYPEMAP

```
int    T_IV
long   T_IV
short  T_IV
```

INPUT

```
T_IV
    $var = ($type)SvIV($arg)
```

OUTPUT

```
T_IV
    sv_setiv($arg, (IV)$var);
```

```
struct foo T_PACKED
```

```
struct foo T_PACKED
```

```
struct foo XS_unpack_struct_foo(SV *var) {
    return (struct foo){666, "it works\n"};
}
```

```
MODULE = Mytest PACKAGE = Mytest
```

```
void
foo(struct foo var)
```

T_PACKED fuckup

```
Mytest.c: In function 'XS_xs_foo':  
Mytest.c:176:31: error: 'XS_unpack_struct' undeclared (first  
use in this function); did you mean 'XS_unpack_struct_foo'?  
176 |     struct foo      var = XS_unpack_struct foo(ST(0))  
|  
|  
|  
|           XS_unpack_struct_foo  
Mytest.c:176:31: note: each undeclared identifier is reported  
only once for each function it appears in  
Mytest.c:176:48: error: expected ',' or ';' before 'foo'  
176 |     struct foo      var = XS_unpack_struct foo(ST(0))  
|  
|  
make: *** [Makefile:341: Mytest.o] Error 1
```

ФИКС ДЛЯ T_PACKED

Perl-Conf.Ru/25

```
struct foo          T_PACKED_PATCHED
```

INPUT

```
T_PACKED_PATCHED
```

```
# $var = XS_unpack_$ntype($arg)
```

```
$var = XS_unpack_${(my $nt = $ntype) =~ s/\s/_/g; \$nt}($arg)
```

ФИКС ДЛЯ T_PACKED

Perl-Conf.Ru/25

```
struct foo          T_PACKED_PATCHED
```

INPUT

```
T_PACKED_PATCHED
```

```
# $var = XS_unpack_$ntype($arg)
$var = XS_unpack_${(my $nt = $ntype) =~ s/\s/_/g; \$nt}($arg)
```

```
$ perl test.pl
666 it works
```

Как это выглядит в Си

Perl-Conf.Ru/25

```
XS_EUPXS(XS_Mytest_foo); /* prototype to pass -Wmissing-prototypes
 */
XS_EUPXS(XS_Mytest_foo)
{
    dVAR; dXSARGS;
    if (items != 1)
        croak_xs_usage(cv, "var");
    {
        struct foo      var = XS_unpack_struct_foo(ST(0))
;

        foo(var);
    }
    XSRETURN_EMPTY;
}
```

Избежать вызова функции

Perl-Conf.Ru/25

```
struct foo          T_STRUCT_FOO
```

INPUT

```
T_STRUCT_FOO
    $var.number = 777;
    $var.string = \"this too\\n\";
```

Избежать вызова функции

Perl-Conf.Ru/25

```
struct foo          T_STRUCT_FOO
```

INPUT

```
T_STRUCT_FOO
    $var.number = 777;
    $var.string = \"this too\\n\";
```

```
$ perl test.pl
777 this too
```

Как это выглядит в Си

Perl-Conf.Ru/25

```
XS_EUPXS(XS_Mytest_foo); /* prototype to pass -Wmissing-prototypes
*/
XS_EUPXS(XS_Mytest_foo)
{
    dVAR; dXSARGS;
    if (items != 1)
        croak_xs_usage(cv, "var");
    {
        struct foo var;

        var.number = 777;
        var.string = "this too\n";
    }

    foo(var);
}
XSRETURN_EMPTY;
}
```

Передача структуры C -> Perl [1]

Perl-Conf.Ru/25

```
...
struct foo fooGet(void) {
    struct foo v;
    v.number = 42;
    v.string = "Hi from C";
    return v;
}
```

Передача структуры C -> Perl [1]

Perl-Conf.Ru/25

```
...
struct foo fooGet(void) {
    struct foo v;
    v.number = 42;
    v.string = "Hi from C";
    return v;
}
```

```
...
extern struct foo fooGet(void);
```

Передача структуры C -> Perl [1]

Perl-Conf.Ru/25

```
...
struct foo fooGet(void) {
    struct foo v;
    v.number = 42;
    v.string = "Hi from C";
    return v;
}
```

```
...
extern struct foo fooGet(void);
```

```
...
struct foo
fooGet();
```

OUTPUT

T_STRUCT_FOO

```
HV* hash = newHV();
hv_stores(hash, \"number\", newSViv($var.number));
hv_stores(hash, \"string\", newSVpv($var.string, 0));
$arg = sv_2mortal(newRV_noinc((SV*)hash));
```

Передача структуры C -> Perl [3]

Perl-Conf.Ru/25

```
#!/usr/bin/perl
use ExtUtils::testlib;
use Mytest;

use Data::Dumper;
warn Dumper Mytest::fooGet();
```

Передача структуры C -> Perl [3]

Perl-Conf.Ru/25

```
#!/usr/bin/perl
use ExtUtils::testlib;
use Mytest;

use Data::Dumper;
warn Dumper Mytest::fooGet();

$perl test
$VAR1 = {
          'string' => 'Hi from C',
          'number' => 42
      };
```

Как это выглядит в Си

Perl-Conf.Ru/25

```
...
dVAR; dXSARGS;
if (items != 0)
    croak_xs_usage(cv, "");
{
struct foo RETVAL;
RETVAL = fooGet();
{
    SV * RETVALSV;
    RETVALSV = sv_newmortal();
HV* hash = newHV();
hv_stores(hash, "number", newSViv(RETVAL.number));
hv_stores(hash, "string", newSVPv(RETVAL.string, 0));
RETVALSV = sv_2mortal(newRV_noinc((SV*)hash));
    ST(0) = RETVALSV;
}
}
XSRETURN(1);
```

А теперь без хардкода

Perl-Conf.Ru/25

```
struct foo           T_STRUCT_FOO
```

INPUT

```
T_STRUCT_FOO
```

```
$var.number = SvIV(*hv_fetchs((HV*)SvRV($arg),  
    \"number\", FALSE));  
$var.string = SvPV_nolen(*hv_fetchs((HV*)SvRV($arg),  
    \"string\", FALSE));
```

А теперь без хардкода

Perl-Conf.Ru/25

```
struct foo          T_STRUCT_FOO
```

INPUT

```
T_STRUCT_FOO
```

```
$var.number = SvIV(*hv_fetchs((HV*)SvRV($arg),  
    \"number\", FALSE));  
$var.string = SvPV_nolen(*hv_fetchs((HV*)SvRV($arg),  
    \"string\", FALSE));
```

```
#!/usr/bin/perl  
use ExtUtils::testlib;  
use Mytest;  
Mytest::foo({number => 13, string => "hash\n"});
```

А теперь без хардкода

Perl-Conf.Ru/25

```
struct foo          T_STRUCT_FOO
```

INPUT

```
T_STRUCT_FOO
```

```
$var.number = SvIV(*hv_fetchs((HV*)SvRV($arg),  
    \"number\", FALSE));  
$var.string = SvPV_nolen(*hv_fetchs((HV*)SvRV($arg),  
    \"string\", FALSE));
```

```
#!/usr/bin/perl  
use ExtUtils::testlib;  
use Mytest;  
Mytest::foo({number => 13, string => "hash\n"});
```

```
$ perl test.pl  
13 hash
```

Финальный туремар [1]

Perl-Conf.Ru/25

```
struct foo           T_STRUCT_FOO
```

INPUT

```
T_STRUCT_FOO
    if (!SvR0K($arg) || SvTYPE(SvRV($arg)) != SVt_PVHV) {
        croak(\"$var is not a hash reference\");
    }

    HV* hash = (HV*)SvRV($arg);
    SV** sv_number = hv_fetchs(hash, \"number\", FALSE);
    if (sv_number && SvI0K(*sv_number)) {
        $var.number = SvIV(*sv_number);
    } else {
        croak(\"Missing or invalid 'number' field\");
    }
```

Финальный typemap [2]

Perl-Conf.Ru/25

```
SV** sv_string = hv_fetchs(hash, \"string\", FALSE);
if (sv_string && SvPOK(*sv_string)) {
    $var.string = SvPV_nolen(*sv_string);
} else {
    croak(\"Missing or invalid 'string' field\");
}
```

OUTPUT

```
T_STRUCT_FOO
HV* hash = newHV();
hv_stores(hash, \"number\", newSViv($var.number));
hv_stores(hash, \"string\", newSVpv($var.string, 0));
$arg = sv_2mortal(newRV_noinc((SV*)hash));
```

Финальный турнир [3]

Perl-Conf.Ru/25

```
#!/usr/bin/perl
use ExtUtils::testlib;
use Mytest;
Mytest::foo({number => 100500, string => "wnd\\n"});

use Data::Dumper;
warn Dumper Mytest::fooGet();
```

Финальный турнир [3]

Perl-Conf.Ru/25

```
#!/usr/bin/perl
use ExtUtils::testlib;
use Mytest;
Mytest::foo({number => 100500, string => "pwd\n"});

use Data::Dumper;
warn Dumper Mytest::fooGet();

$ perl test
100500 pwd
$VAR1 = {
    'number' => 42,
    'string' => 'Hi from C'
};
```

В простом случае можно описывать код в функциях на Си и использовать T_PACKED_PATCHED => компилятор сделает работу за вас :)

При работе со сложными структурами или для явного контроля трансляции предпочтительнее написать туремар

Спасибо за внимание!

Вопросы?

Perl-Conf.Ru/25